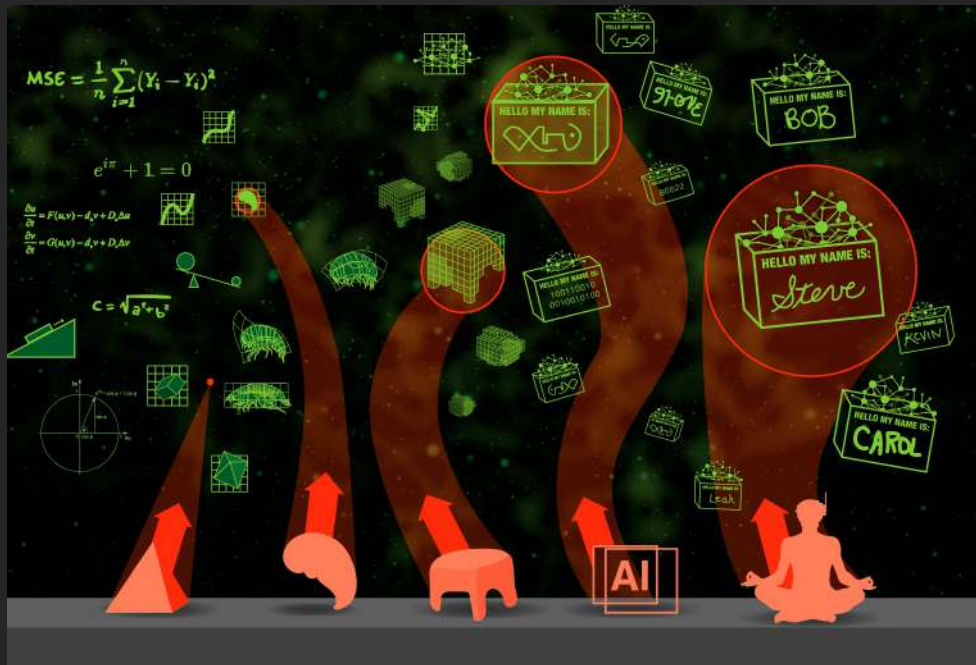


Symposium on the Platonic Space- December 18, 2025

Platonic Space as Cognitive Construct



<https://shorturl.at/nCVA5>



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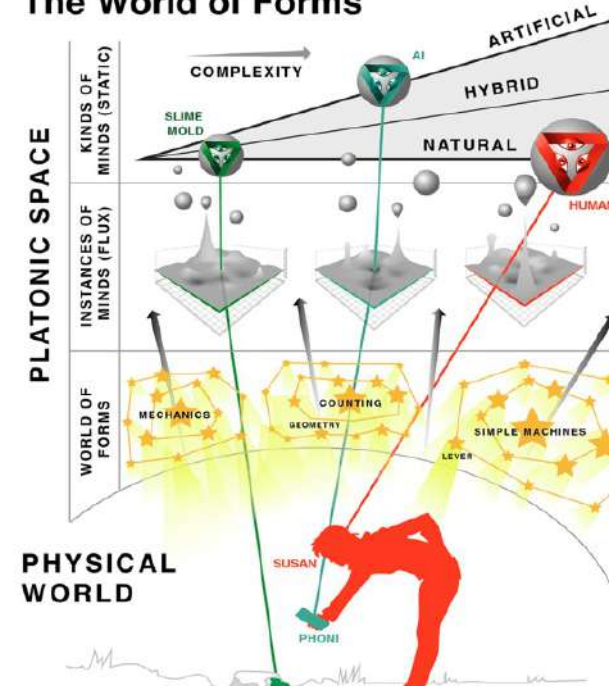
Michael Levin's Platonic Space

Platonic space: where cognitive and morphological patterns come from (besides genetics and environment)

PUBLISHED BY MIKE LEVIN ON MARCH 9, 2025



Above & below The World of Forms



<https://thoughtforms.life/platonic-space-where-cognitive-and-morphological-patterns-come-from-besides-genetics-and-environment/>

Classical Platonism and its Reinterpretations

Classical Platonism

For over two millennia, a single, powerful idea from Plato has shaped Western thought: the concept of a realm of perfect, ideal Forms. The perfect circle that exists only in our minds, while every circle we draw is flawed.

The ideal of justice, which we strive for but never perfectly achieve. But this classical Platonism presents a profound challenge: how can such a transcendent realm, outside of space and time, possibly influence our physical world?

It also raises deep difficulties for a naturalistic understanding.

Reinterpretations of Platonic Ideal Forms

Kant relocated Platonic ideal structures into the a priori conditions of the mind itself.

Spinoza and Whitehead argued that form is not a static blueprint, but an active, organizing principle, a “lure for becoming”, that shapes reality from within. This progression shifts the location of forms from a transcendent realm to the generative architecture of cognition.

Husserl and Piaget showed how we actively construct ideal objects through experience and interaction.

Cognitive Platonism, Core Idea

“Living systems are cognitive systems, and living as a process is a process of cognition.”

Autopoiesis and Cognition (Maturana & Varela, 1980)

Cognition at the cellular level

- Sense relevant conditions
- Integrate signals (often conflicting)
- Select among actions (state changes)
- Remember (retain state)
- Regulate to stay viable (homeostasis)
- Coordinate with others (collective control)

Brains as cognitive systems

- Perception-action loops build stable invariants (object constancy, causality, number-like structure)
- Neural dynamics compress experience into low-dimensional abstractions
- Memory + language externalize and stabilize constraints
- Collective verification (proof, teaching) makes abstractions intersubjective

Language = extended regulation

Biologically:

- cells regulate via chemical and electrical signals,
- tissues coordinate via gradients and coupling.

Linguistically:

- humans regulate behavior and reasoning via symbols,
- concepts function as shared control variables,
- norms and definitions constrain trajectories of thought and action.

In general

- constraints reduce degrees of freedom • certain trajectories become attractors • error correction restores stability after perturbation.

Cognitive Platonism, Causal Efficacy of Constraints

Operational Reality

- Forms are real due to their operational efficacy
- Their reality is defined by capacity to alter outcomes.
- Forms function as causally efficacious constraints.

Constraint Causation

- Power grounded in organizational causation.
- Forms exclude possibilities and direct processes.
- Not through physical force but organizational power.

Virtual Machine Analogy

- Abstract forms seen as virtual causal architectures.
- Implemented across somatic, neural, and cultural substrates.
- Functionally and causally real, not reducible to physical substrate, but, importantly, *r e l a t i o n a l*.

Abstract forms as causally efficacious constraints can be found within cognitive architectures - systems that produce, regulate, and stabilize patterns - operating through constraint-based causation in analogy with virtual machine

Scientific Case

Developmental Biology. Regeneration and Embryogenesis

Michael Levin's Research

Levin's work shows that large-scale anatomical patterning is controlled by distributed regulatory dynamics, especially bioelectric networks, that operate above gene-level specification.

- Bioelectric networks provide long-range coordination in tissues
- Patterning dynamics after injury enabling regeneration
- Developmental outcomes are constrained at the tissue level, not fully specified by DNA

Stable anatomical outcomes emerge as attractors of developmental regulatory dynamics, realized by bioelectric networks.

Platonic forms are abstract constraints, not the stored blueprints.

Planarian Regeneration

Experiments show that altering bioelectric patterns changes body plans, without changing genes, indicating that regeneration involves re-establishing developmental patterning constraints, analogous to early embryogenesis under new boundary conditions.

Embryogenesis provides a baseline case.

Global form reliably emerges through distributed patterning, coordination, and canalization. This shows that form does not require a central controller or mental representation.

Blooming tea / Flowering Tea Example

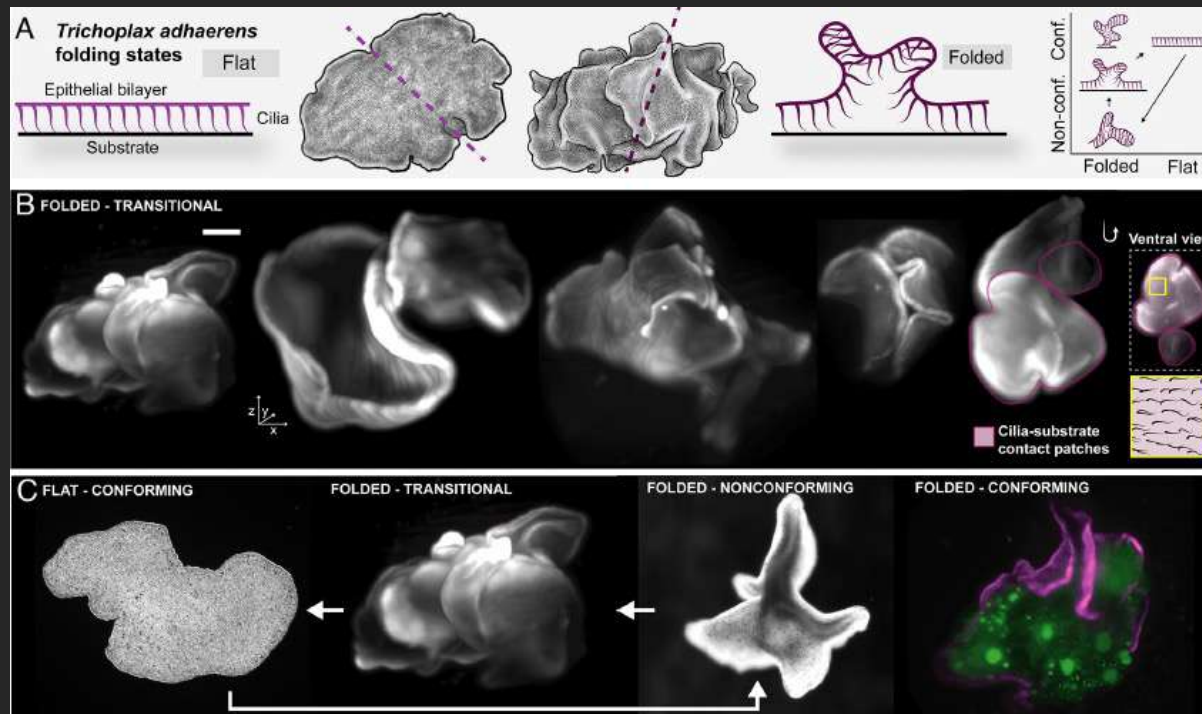


Blooming tea is a useful analogy for constraint-driven form.

The "flower" is not explicitly specified as a target, and the tea ball does not need to represent the final shape in advance.

Instead, a stable form emerges because material organization + environmental conditions constrain how unfolding can proceed. Goal-driven behavior arises from constraints, attractors, and error correction.

Biology Example: Active Unfolding Under Constraints



Distributed ciliary activity + adhesion + geometry → robust unfolding, variable paths.
Robust form-change without a scripted plan.

Brannon CM, Prakash M. Cilia-driven epithelial folding and unfolding in an early diverging animal.
Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 2025 Dec 23;122(51):e2517741122. <https://doi.org/10.1073/pnas.2517741122>.

Scientific Case

Mathematical and Computational Ontology

Computational ontology provides evidence for the operational reality of abstract structures, treating them not as metaphysical entities but as causally real constraints within computational systems.

Wolfram's Ruliad

- Space of all possible computations that constrains laws of physics and mathematics
- Provides a framework where abstract structures have operational efficacy
- Represents a unified theory of everything based on computational principles

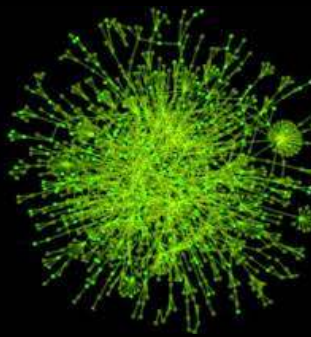
Tegmark's Mathematical Universe

- Physical cosmos and multiverse are manifestations of mathematical structures
- Ideal mathematical objects are fundamental and real components of the world
- Mathematical structures are not just descriptions of reality but are reality itself.

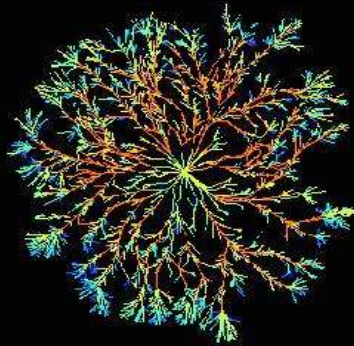
Cognitive Platonism Perspective

Both theories treat abstract structures as foundational elements that organize and constrain "the universe itself", providing empirical grounding for the operational reality of abstract forms within a naturalized framework. Platonic space here is the space of cognitively constructed invariant constraints, stabilized by representation and collective practice.

Natural Computation (Natural Information Processing)



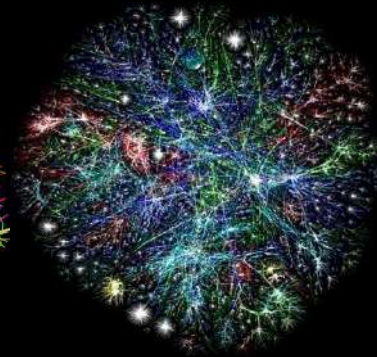
protein-protein
interactions in yeast
cell



Bacteria Network Ben-
Jacob



Human brain
connectome



Internet map

Natural computing is a broad field using nature as inspiration for new computing models or using natural systems (like molecules or brains) for computation, encompassing areas like neural networks, evolutionary algorithms, swarm intelligence, and DNA computing, quantum computing, aiming to solve complex problems or understand nature's own powerful computational processes. It involves designing algorithms (e.g., genetic algorithms) based on natural selection or building hardware from biological materials, blurring lines between computer science and natural sciences for advanced problem-solving.

Rozenberg, G.; Bäck, T; Kok, J.N. (2012) Handbook of Natural Computing, Springer,
<https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-540-92910-9>

Morphological Computation (Physical Computation)

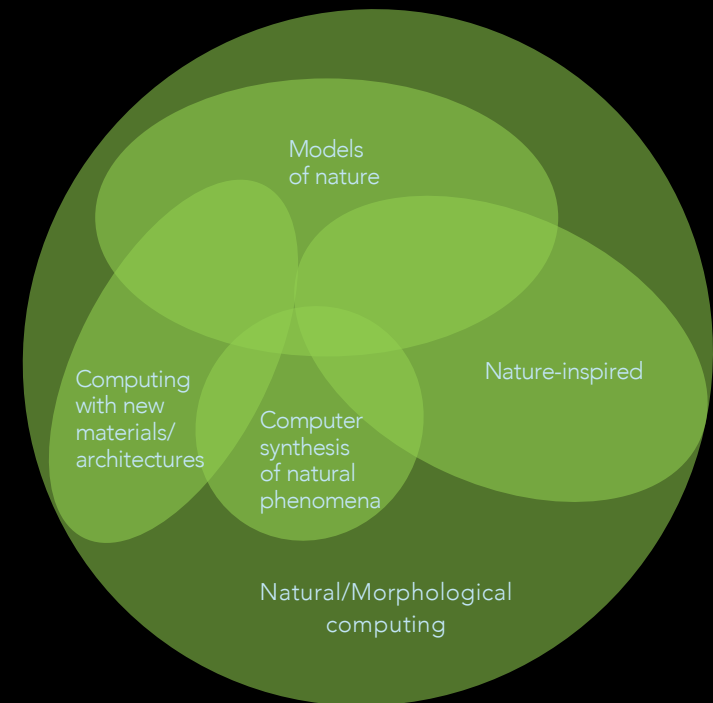
Biological Evolution and morphogenesis

New insights about cognition and its evolution and development in nature from cellular to human cognition can be modelled as natural information processing/ natural computation/ morphological computation. In the info-computational approach, evolution in the sense of extended evolutionary synthesis is a result of interactions between natural agents, cells, and their groups.

Evolution provides generative mechanism for the emergence of increasingly more competent living organisms with increasingly complex natural cognition and intelligence which are used as a template for the artificial/computational counterparts.

Morphological computation in biology

In biology, computation is not something abstract that happens on top of matter — it is carried out by the material system itself. Tissue geometry, mechanical properties, diffusion, and bioelectric coupling all constrain how processes unfold. That's the morphological computer.



Morphological computation = substrate + virtual control layer

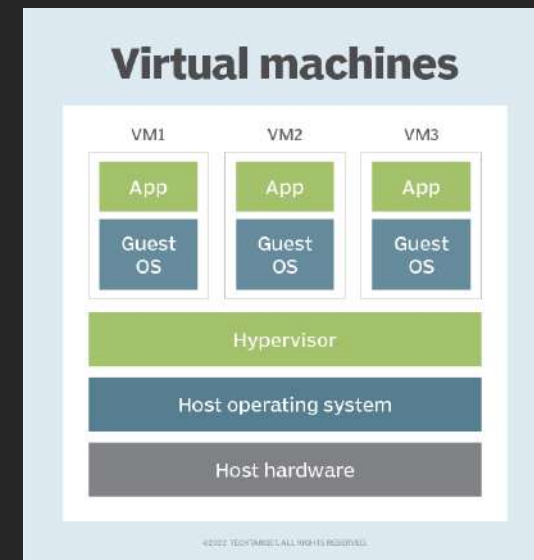
Morphological computer (substrate)

- physics/chemistry of tissues
- mechanics + diffusion + electrophysiology
- geometry and boundary conditions

Virtual machine (constraint/control layer)

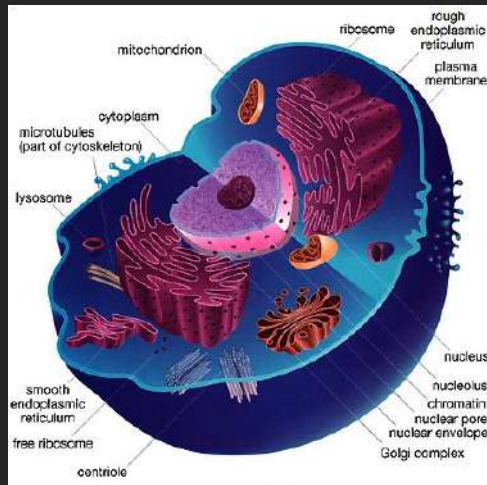
- distributed patterning constraints
- bioelectric coupling + regulatory networks
- attractor landscape + error correction

Morphogenesis = physical computation guided by a virtual control layer of constraints.



<https://www.techtarget.com/searchitoperations/definition/virtual-machine-VM>

Morphological Computation. Self-Generating Systems



Biological systems are not fixed hardware running fixed software — they are self-generating.

Complex biological systems must be modeled as self-referential, self-organizing "component-systems" (George Kampis) which are self-generating and whose behavior, though computational in a general sense, goes far beyond Turing machine model.

"a component system is a computer which, when executing its operations (software) builds a new hardware.... [W]e have a computer that re-wires itself in a hardware-software interplay: the hardware defines the software, and the software defines new hardware. Then the circle starts again."

(Kampis, p. 223 Self-Modifying Systems in Biology and Cognitive Science)

Dodig Crnkovic, G. (2011). Significance of Models of Computation from Turing Model to Natural Computation. *Minds and Machines*, Volume 21, Issue 2, p.301. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11023-011-9235-1>

Implications of Cognitive Platonism

Philosophy of Science

New Perspective

Cognitive Platonism reframes the long-standing realism versus anti-realism debate in the philosophy of science.

Realist View

Seeking correspondence with an independently existing metaphysical structure.

Anti-Realism

anti-realism has emphasized the role of models, practices, and perspectives.

Cognitive Platonism: Objectivity as Shared Constraints

Objectivity is redefined as intersubjective stability and the convergence of cognitive systems on shared abstract constraints that reliably generalize across contexts, and not only the correspondence with a hidden metaphysical world.

Scientific Progress

Scientific progress consists not only in approximating a hidden metaphysical world, but in the refinement of constraints encoded within cognitive generative models. These models become more sophisticated at capturing and predicting phenomena through iterative improvement.

Cognitive Platonism

Redefining objectivity as intersubjective stability and convergence on shared abstract constraints.

Implications of Cognitive Platonism

Biology and AI

Biological Teleology

Cognitive Platonism treats “Platonic forms” as virtual machines implemented by biological cognition: internal constraint-systems that carve state space into viable regions and attractors. This naturalizes teleology without appealing to external blueprints or transcendent causes.

Informational Constraints

- Stable morphological outcomes emerge as attractors in developmental dynamics
- Distributed regulatory architectures constrain trajectories of growth and repair
- Error correction and canalization bias dynamics toward viable forms
- Anticipation : organisms can simulate/evaluate future states using memory-based models to choose among viable trajectories.

Artificial Intelligence - AI

In AI, abstract forms correspond to virtual machines too: constraints/priors and learned representations inside generative architectures. AI can instantiate Platonic spaces by implementing these constraint systems—ranging from passive stabilization to active prediction and planning.

New Perspectives on Machine Cognition

- Machine abstraction as constraint formation and stabilization
- Generalization through constraint-based reasoning
- Goal-directed behavior emerging from constraint networks
- Anticipatory control: world-models enable counterfactual evaluation and planning over future states.

Constraints shape what is stable/possible; anticipation selects trajectories through that constrained space.

Summary

- Cognitive Platonism offers a framework that interprets Platonic space as a cognitive construct, preserving the explanatory power of Platonic insight without resorting to a transcendent metaphysical realm.
- Forms function as constraints that shape system dynamics and guide processes toward specific outcomes.
- Abstract forms exist as **virtual causal architectures** implemented across embodied somatic, neural, and cultural substrates.
- Transcendence is not as a separate domain, but an emergent consequence of cognitive architecture.

Conclusions - Implications

- Naturalized Reality: Abstract forms are real as causally efficacious constraints in cognitive generative architectures.
- Cognitive Platonism bridges classical philosophical insights with contemporary scientific understanding, grounding the reality of abstract structures in their functional roles.
- There is no transcendent pre-written script. When “scripts” exist, they are memory, individual and collective, cognitive artifacts that steer trajectories within enacted constraint spaces.
- What I have presented here isn't a complete theory; it is a research program. It also fits a broader perspective in my info-computational work connecting patterns and processes in nature into a unified naturalistic view.

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Related work:

<http://www.gordana.se/work/publications.html>